

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision date: 09/08/2014 :

SECTION 1: Identification of the sub	ostance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Substance
Trade name	: JOHNSEN'S R134A 30 LB CYLINDER MADE IN USA
Product code	: 6335
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the subs	stance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/mixture	: Refrigerant
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety	data sheet
Technical Chemical Company P.O. BOX 139 Cleburne, Texas 76033 T 817-645-6088	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: CHEMTREC 24 Hour 1-800-424-9300, 1-703-527-3887 (International)
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
2.1. Classification of the substance or n	nixture
Classification (GHS-US)	
Liquefied gas H280	
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16	
2.2. Label elements	
GHS-US labeling	
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	
	GHS04
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Warning
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	: H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	: P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place
	P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F
2.3. Other hazards	F410+F412 - Flotect from sumight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 - 6/122 - F
Other hazards not contributing to the	: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Intentional misuse and inhalation abuse
classification	may cause cardiac or central nervous systems effects. Warning. May Cause frostbite in contact with skin. May Cause frostbite in contact with skin. (Liquid form can be ejected if the aerosol can is not held upright during use.) Warning. This product dispenses liquid. Liquid may drip onto skin causing frostbite, blistering, red skin. WARNING Asphyxiant in high concentrations.
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)	
No data available	
SECTION 3: Composition/informatic	on on ingredients
3.1. Substance	
Name	: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	(CAS No) 811-97-2	> 99	Liquefied gas, H280

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

Version:

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SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	3
First-aid measures general	: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious wi laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Rinse with water. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists. In case of frostbites: Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface > 10%: take victim to hospital.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Not applicable.
4.2. Most important symptoms and e	
Symptoms/injuries Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	 Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Accelerated heart action. Disturbances of heart rate. Coordination disorders. Feeling of weakness. Respiratory difficulties. Vomiting. Nausea. Disturbances of consciousness. Risk of lung oedema. Respiratory collapse.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Red skin. Blisters. Frostbites.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Not applicable.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Not applicable.
Chronic symptoms	: No effects known.
-	ical attention and special treatment needed
No additional information available	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measure	S
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Suitable extinguishing media	Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.Do not use a heavy water stream.
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream. substance or mixture
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising from the	: Do not use a heavy water stream. substance or mixture
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising from the Reactivity	 Do not use a heavy water stream. substance or mixture On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide)
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising from the Reactivity 5.3. Advice for firefighters	 Do not use a heavy water stream. substance or mixture On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide)
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising from the Reactivity 5.3. Advice for firefighters Firefighting instructions Protection during firefighting	 Do not use a heavy water stream. substance or mixture On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide carbon dioxide, carbonylfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising from the Reactivity 5.3. Advice for firefighters Firefighting instructions Protection during firefighting	 Do not use a heavy water stream. substance or mixture On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide carbon dioxide, carbonylfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
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Suitable extinguishing media Jnsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising from the Reactivity 5.3. Advice for firefighters Firefighting instructions Protection during firefighting Dther information SECTION 6: Accidental release m	 Do not use a heavy water stream. substance or mixture On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide carbon dioxide, carbonylfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. NFPA Aerosol Level 1.
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Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising from the Reactivity 5.3. Advice for firefighters Firefighting instructions Protection during firefighting Other information SECTION 6: Accidental release m 6.1. Personal precautions, protective 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel Protective equipment Emergency procedures 6.1.2. For emergency responders Protective equipment Emergency procedures	 Do not use a heavy water stream. substance or mixture On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide carbon dioxide, carbonylfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. NFPA Aerosol Level 1. equipment and emergency procedures Gloves. Insulating gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
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Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising from the Reactivity 5.3. Advice for firefighters Firefighting instructions Protection during firefighting Other information SECTION 6: Accidental release m 6.1. Personal precautions, protective 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel Protective equipment Emergency procedures 6.1.2. For emergency responders Protective equipment Emergency procedures 6.2. Environmental precautions Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. N 6.3. Methods and material for contain	 Do not use a heavy water stream. substance or mixture On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide carbon dioxide, carbonylfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. NFPA Aerosol Level 1. equipment and emergency procedures Gloves. Insulating gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Yentilate area. otify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising from the Reactivity 5.3. Advice for firefighters Firefighting instructions Protection during firefighting Other information SECTION 6: Accidental release m 6.1. Personal precautions, protective 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel Protective equipment Emergency procedures 6.1.2. For emergency responders Protective equipment Emergency procedures 6.2. Environmental precautions Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. N	 Do not use a heavy water stream. substance or mixture On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide carbon dioxide, carbonylfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. NFPA Aerosol Level 1. equipment and emergency procedures Gloves. Insulating gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage		
7.1. Precautions for safe handling		
Additional hazards when processed	: Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.	
Precautions for safe handling	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor.	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inclu	ding any incompatibilities	
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep container closed when not in use.	
Incompatible products	: Strong bases. Strong acids.	
Incompatible materials	: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.	
Storage area	: Store in a well-ventilated place.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Follow Label Directions.		
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/per	sonal protection	
8.1. Control parameters		
8.2. Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Local exhaust venilation, vent hoods.	
Personal protective equipment	: Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.	
Materials for protective clothing	: GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: neoprene. butyl rubber.	
Hand protection	: Wear protective gloves.	
Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.	
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.	
Respiratory protection	: Wear appropriate mask.	
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.	
SECTION 9: Physical and chemica	properties	
9.1. Information on basic physical and		
Physical state	: Gas	
Appearance	: Liquefied gas.	
Molecular mass	: 102.03 g/mol	
Color	: Colourless.	
Odor	: Ether-like odour.	
Odor threshold	: No data available	
pH	: No data available	
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available	
Melting point	: -101 °C	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point	: -26 °C	
Flash point	: No data available	
Critical temperature	: 101 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	: >743 °C	
Decomposition temperature	. >743 ℃ : 368 ℃	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available	
Vapor pressure	: 6661 hPa @ 25 deg C	
Vapor pressure at 50 °C		

Relative density

Relative vapor density at 20 °C

: 1.2 @ -27 deg C

: < 3.52 @ 20 deg C

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Specific gravity / density	: 1206 kg/m³ @ -27 deg C
Solubility	: Poorly soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ether. Soluble in hexane. Water: 0.15 g/100ml @ 25 deg C
Log Pow	: 1.06 (OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method)
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available
9.2. Other information	
VOC content	: 0%
Gas group	: Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Substance has neutral reaction. May generate electrostatic charges

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity
10.1. Reactivity
On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide, carbonylfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids.
10.2. Chemical stability
Not established.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Not established.
10.4. Conditions to avoid
Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.
10.5. Incompatible materials
Strong acids. Strong bases.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Toxic fume Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

: Not classified

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (811-97-2)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2000 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	> 359300 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Accelerated heart action. Disturbances of heart rate. Coordination disorders. Feeling of weakness. Respiratory difficulties. Vomiting. Nausea. Disturbances of consciousness. Risk of lung oedema. Respiratory collapse.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Red skin. Blisters. Frostbites.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Not applicable.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Not applicable.
Chronic symptoms	: No effects known.

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SECTION 12: Ecological informatio	n
12.1. Toxicity	
-	
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (811-97-2)	
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1	450 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 980 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
JOHNSEN'S R134A 30 LB CYLINDER MAD	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (811-97-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
JOHNSEN'S R134A 30 LB CYLINDER MAD	E IN USA
Log Pow	1.06 (OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (811-97-2)	
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	5 - 58 (Estimated value)
Log Pow	1.06 (OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
12.4. Mobility in soil	
No additional information available	
12.5. Other adverse effects	
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	ons
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 14: Transport information In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / A	
US DOT (ground): UN3159, 1,1,1,2-Tetr	afluoroethane. 2.2
ICAO/IATA (air): UN3159, 1,1,1,2-Tetr	
IMO/IMDG (water): UN3159, 1,1,1,2-Tetr	
Special Provisions: T50 - When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 173.313 or this subchapter.	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes	: 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 2.2 - Non-flammable gas
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: T50 - When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 173.313 of this subchapter.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 306
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 304
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 314;315
14.3. Additional information	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.

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Overland transport

No additional information available

Transport by sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location

: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 75 kg (49 CFR 173.27) DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 150 kg CFR 175.75)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information	
15.1. US Federal regulations	
JOHNSEN'S R134A 30 LB CYLINDER MADE	N USA
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substa	nces Control Act) inventory
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Sudden release of pressure hazard
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (811-97-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substa	nces Control Act) inventory
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

JOHNSEN'S R134A 30 LB CYLINDER MADE IN USA	
WHMIS Classification Class A - Compressed Gas	
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (811-97-2)	
WHMIS Classification Class A - Compressed Gas	

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Not classified

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Not classified

15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

Other information	: None.	
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16	:	
Liquefied gas		Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
H280		Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
NFPA health hazard		Ild cause irritation but only minor residual treatment is given.
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that	: will not burn.

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NFPA reactivity	: 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated
	temperatures and pressures or may react with water with some release of energy, but not violently.

HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical	: 1 Slight Hazard
Personal Protection	: B

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - TCC

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this MSDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product

Disclaimer: The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests believed to be reliable. However, the manufacturer/distributor of this product does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness NOR SHALL ANY OF THIS INFORMATION CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE SAFETY OF THE GOODS, THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS, OR THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. The manufacturer/distributor assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.