#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 09/03/2014 : Version:

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON

Product code : BK115

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Brake Parts Cleaner

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Mighty Auto Parts 650 Engineering Drive Norcross, Georgia 30092 T 770-448-3900

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC 24 Hour 1-800-424-9300, 1-703-527-3887 (International)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **Classification (GHS-US)**

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) H311 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Repr. 2 H361 STOT SE 1 H370 STOT SE 3 H336 STOT RE 2 H373

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS06





Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge P260 - Do not breathe dust,fumes,gas,mist,vapor spray P261 - Avoid breathing dust,fume,gas,mist,vapor spray P264 - Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection
P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison control center, doctor, physician,

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 1/13

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P312 - Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER, doctor, if you feel unwell.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P321 - Specific treatment: See section 4.1 on SDS

P330 - Rinse mouth

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P361 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: See Section 5.1 Extinguishing Media

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: None under normal conditions.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

- 19.4 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)
- 19.4 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)
- 19.4 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Methanol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	30 - 50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
Acetone	(CAS No) 67-64-1	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Toluene	(CAS No) 108-88-3	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Heptane, Branched Cyclic	(CAS No) 426260-76-6	18.624 - 19.4	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Heptane	(CAS No) 142-82-5	4.85 - 8.73	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

First-aid measures after skin contact

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

: Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persist.

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 2/13

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or First-aid measures after ingestion

doctor/physician

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant

health hazard. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact May cause slight eye irritation. May cause severe irritation. Irritation of the eye tissue.

Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Fire hazard

**Explosion hazard** : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

#### Advice for firefighters

: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any Firefighting instructions

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No

smoking.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses.

: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. **Emergency procedures** 

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing dust,fume,gas,mist,vapor spray.

: Ventilate area. **Emergency procedures** 

#### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment Dam up the liquid spill. Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak,

cut off the supply.

Methods for cleaning up Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect

spillage. Store away from other materials.

#### Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed

: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Precautions for safe handling

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No naked lights. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Obtain special instructions. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust,fume,gas,mist,vapor spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe

dust,fumes,gas,mist,vapor spray.

Hygiene measures Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash affected areas thoroughly after

handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with

mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 3/13

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting

equipment.

Storage conditions

: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep in fireproof

place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible products

: Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials

: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Follow Label Directions.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Benzene (71-43-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	25 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm

Toluene (108-88-3)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	75 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm

Heptane (142-82-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	400 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	400 ppm

Heptane, Branched Cyclic (426260-76-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	400 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm

Methanol (67-56-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	262 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	328 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm

Acetone (67-64-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1188 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	500 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	1782 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	750 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Local exhaust venilation, vent hoods . Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 4/13

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Personal protective equipment : Safety glasses. Gloves. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.





Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is

recommended.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Liquid.

Color : Colourless to light yellow.
Odor : Solvent-like odour.
Odor threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Melting point : -95 °C (Lowest Component)

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : 56 °C (Lowest Component)

Flash point : -18 °C (Lowest Component)

Auto-ignition temperature : 465 °C (Lowest Component)

Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : 0.82

Solubility : Poorly soluble in water. Log Pow : No data available Log Kow No data available : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available Explosive properties Oxidizing properties : No data available **Explosive limits** : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 74 %

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic fume. . Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 5/13

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

11.1. Information on toxicological	ical effects
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Potential Adverse human health effects and

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

symptoms

Acute toxicity	: Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin.
Benzene (71-43-2)	
LD50 oral rat	> 930 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature study; > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 8240 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; 21 CFR 191.10; > 9.4; Rabbit)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	43.767 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	13700 ppm/4h (Rat; Experimental value)
Toluene (108-88-3)	
LD50 oral rat	5580 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature study; 5580 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg body weight LD50 quoted as 14.1 mL/kg (12267 mg/kg using density of 0.87)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 28.1 mg/l/4h (Rat; Air, Literature study)
Heptane (142-82-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 15000 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature study; >5000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Read-across)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402; >2000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit; Read-across)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	103 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	25000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
Heptane, Branched Cyclic (426260-76-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 15000 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature study; >5000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Read-across)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402; >2000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit; Read-across)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	103 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	25000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
Methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	>= 2528 mg/kg body weight application as 50% aqueous solution
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg corresponding to 20 ml/kg bw according to the authors
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	128.2 mg/l/4h Air
Acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	20000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	71 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; 76 mg/l/4h; Rat; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	30000 ppm/4h (Rat; Experimental value)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Benzene (71-43-2)	
IARC group	1
Toluene (108-88-3) IARC group	3
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
	Suspected of damaging fertility of the unborn child.     Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 6/13

health hazard. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

contact with skin.

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in

Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : May cause slight eye irritation . May cause severe irritation. Irritation of the eye tissue.
  - Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health

hazard.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Benzene (71-43-2)	
LC50 fish 1	5.3 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	18 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	15.1 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 2	10 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
TLM fish 1	22.5 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus; Soft water)
TLM fish 2	32 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Hard water)
Threshold limit algae 1	100 mg/l (72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; GLP)
Threshold limit algae 2	50 mg/l (24 h; Phaeodactylum; Photosynthesis)

Acetone (67-64-1)	
TLM fish 1	13000 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis; Turbulent water)
TLM fish 2	> 1000 ppm (96 h; Pisces)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	3000 mg/l (Plankton)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 2	28 mg/l (Protozoa)
Threshold limit algae 1	7500 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda; pH = 7)
Threshold limit algae 2	3400 mg/l (48 h; Chlorella sp.)

Toluene (108-88-3)			
LC50 fish 1	24 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	84 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna; Locomotor effect)		
LC50 fish 2	13 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus)		
EC50 Daphnia 2	11.5 - 19.6 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)		
Threshold limit algae 1	> 400 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Toxicity test)		
Threshold limit algae 2	105 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa)		

Heptane (142-82-5)			
LC50 fish 1 375 mg/l (96 h; Tilapia mosambica; Nominal concentration)			
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	> 1000 mg/l (96 h)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	1.5 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)		
LC50 fish 2 > 100 mg/l (96 h; Oncorhynchus kisutch)			
TLM fish 1	4924 mg/l (48 h; Gambusia affinis)		
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	> 1000 mg/l (96 h)		
Threshold limit algae 1	> 200 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda; Toxicity test)		
Threshold limit algae 2	1.5 mg/l (8 h; Algae; Photosynthesis)		

Methanol (67-56-1)			
LC50 fish 1 15400 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus; Lethal)			
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna; Lethal)		
LC50 fish 2	10800 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
EC50 Daphnia 2	24500 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna; Locomotor effect)		
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	6600 mg/l (16 h; Pseudomonas putida)		
Threshold limit algae 1	530 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa)		
Threshold limit algae 2	8000 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda)		

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 fish 1	6210 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Nominal concentration)
EC50 Daphnia 1	8800 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia pulex)
LC50 fish 2	5540 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
TLM fish 1	13000 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis; Turbulent water)
TLM fish 2	> 1000 ppm (96 h; Pisces)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	3000 mg/l (Plankton)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 2	28 mg/l (Protozoa)
Threshold limit algae 1	7500 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda; pH = 7)
Threshold limit algae 2	3400 mg/l (48 h; Chlorella sp.)

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 7/13

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### Persistence and degradability	12.2. Persistence and degradability			
Persistence and degradability   Readily biodegradable in water. Ozonation in water. Forming sediments in water. Biodegradable in water of Dzonation in water. Forming sediments in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil. Photolysis in the air. Biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in water. Substance   Persistence and degradability   Not established.	MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLO	N		
Readily blodegradable in water. Czonation in water. Forming sediments in water. Blodepradable in the soil. Low potential for dadoption in soil. Photolysis in the air.	Persistence and degradability	Not established.		
Readily blodegradable in water. Czonation in water. Forming sediments in water. Blodepradable in the soil. Low potential for dadoption in soil. Photolysis in the air.	Renzone (71-43-2)			
Biochemical coygen demand (BOD)	,	Readily biodegradable in water. Ozonation in water. Forming sediments in water		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	r craistence and degradability			
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.18 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
Acetone (67-64-1)   Persistence and degradability   Not established.				
Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability Not established.  Foliame (189-88-3) Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.  Biochemical oxygen demand (COD) 2.5.9 0 ; // 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 2.5.9 0 ; // 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 0.89 % ThOD  Heptane (142-82-5) Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Adsorbs into the soil.  Biochemical oxygen demand (COD) 0.0.99 % ThOD  Heptane (142-82-5) Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Adsorbs into the soil.  Biochemical oxygen demand (COD) 0.0.69 0 ; // 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 0.0.69 0 ; // 3 substance  ThOD 3.5.2 0 ; // 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 3.5.2 0 ; // 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 3.5.2 0 ; // 3 substance  Was cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.  Methanol (67-56-1) Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.  Biochemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.4.2 0 ; // 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.4.2 0 ; // 3 substance  DEO (% of ThOD) 1.5 0 ; /// 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.4.3 0 ; /// 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 1.5 0 ; /// 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.4.3 0 ; /// 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 1.5 0 ; /// 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.4.3 0 ; /// 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 1.5 0 ; /// 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.4.3 0 ; /// 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 1.5 0 ; /// 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 1.5 0 ; /// 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.9.2 0 ; /// 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 1.5 0 ; /// 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.9.2 0 ; /// 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 1.5 0 ; /// 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.9.2 0 ; /// 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 1.5 0 ; /// 3 substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.9.2 0 ; /// 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 1.5 0 ; /// 3 s	ThOD			
Persistence and degradability	BOD (% of ThOD)	0.70 % ThOD		
Persistence and degradability	Acetone (67-64-1)			
Toluene (108-88-3) Persistence and degradability Beadily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil. Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 2.15 g O 2 /g substance ThOD 3.13 g O 2. /g substance ThOD 3.13 g O 3.69 % ThOD) 3.15 g O 3.7 g substance ThOD 3.15 g O 3.7 g substance ThOD 3.15 g O 3.7 g substance Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 4.12 g O 2 /g substance ThOD 3.35 g O 3.85 g O 3.7 g substance ThOD 3.35 g O 3.7 g substance Defenical oxygen demand (BOD) 4.12 g O 2 /g substance Defenical oxygen demand (BOD) 5.7 g Substance Defenical oxygen demand (BOD) 6.7 g Substance Defenical oxygen demand (BOD) 7. g Substance Defenical Oxygen dema	,	Not established.		
Persistence and degradability   Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil. Biochemical oxygen demand (COD)   2.52 g O	· ·			
Biochemical oxygen demand (GOD)	,	Doublin his desired while in costs. Diede werdeble in the pail I am extential for edecembing in pail		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)				
Methanol (67-66-1)	, ,			
Heptane (142-82-5)   Heptane (142-82-5)	` '			
Heplane (142-82-5)   Persistence and degradability   Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Adsorbs into the soil. Biochemical oxygen demand (COD)   0.06 g 0				
Persistence and degradability   Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Adsorbs into the soil. Biochemical oxygen demand (COD)   0.06 g 0	,	0.00 /0 THQD		
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)				
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	<u> </u>	, ,		
ThOD				
Heptane, Branched Cyclic (426260-76-6)   Persistence and degradability   May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.				
Heptane, Branched Cyclic (426260-76-6) Persistence and degradability May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.  Methanol (67-56-1) Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil. Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 0.6 - 1.12 g O 2 /g substance Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.42 g O 2 /g substance Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.5 g O 2 /g substance BOD (% of ThOD) 0.8 % ThOD  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.43 g O 2 /g substance Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance  Bioaccumulative potential  MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2) BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss) BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus) BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight) Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value) Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Acetone (67-64-1) Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Flournet (108-88-3) BCF fish 1 1.3.2 (Anguilla japonica) BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)	_			
Persistence and degradability May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.  Methanol (67-56-1)  Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 0.6 - 1.12 g O 2 /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.42 g O 2 /g substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 1.5 g O 2 /g substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 0.8 % ThOD  Actence (67-64-1)  Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.43 g O 2 /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 2.20 g O 3 substance  BOD (% of ThOD) (20 day(s)) 0.872  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential  MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)	BOD (% of ThOD)	> % ThOD (5 day(s)) > 0.5		
Methanol (67-56-1)           Persistence and degradability         Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.           Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)         0.6 · 1.12 g O ₂ /g substance           Chemical oxygen demand (COD)         1.42 g O ₂ /g substance           ThOD         1.5 g O ₂ /g substance           BOD (% of ThOD)         0.8 % ThOD           Acetone (67-64-1)         Persistence and degradability         Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.           Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)         1.43 g O ₂ /g substance           Chemical oxygen demand (COD)         1.92 g O ₃ /g substance           ThOD         2.20 g O ₃ wigstance           BOD (% of ThOD)         (20 day(s)) 0.872           12.3. Bioaccumulative potential         Not established.           BERDE (Fish 1         19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)           BCF fish 2         < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)	Heptane, Branched Cyclic (426260-76-6)			
Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.42 g O 2 /g substance  ThOD 1.5 g O 2 /g substance  ThOD 0.8 % ThOD  Acetone (67-64-1)  Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.43 g O 2 /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance  BOD (% of ThOD) (20 g O substance)  BOD (% of ThOD) (20 day(s)) 0.872  12.3 Bioaccumulative potential  MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)	Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.		
Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.42 g O 2 /g substance  ThOD 1.5 g O 2 /g substance  ThOD 0.8 % ThOD  Acetone (67-64-1)  Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.43 g O 2 /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance  BOD (% of ThOD) (20 g O substance)  BOD (% of ThOD) (20 day(s)) 0.872  12.3 Bioaccumulative potential  MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)	Mothanol (67.56.1)			
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)  0.6 - 1.12 g O	,	Readily hindegradable in water Rindegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)  1.5 g O 2 /g substance  BOD (% of ThOD)  0.8 % ThOD  Acetone (67-64-1)  Persistence and degradability  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)  1.43 g O 2 /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (BOD)  1.92 g O 2 /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD)  1.92 g O 2 /g substance  ThOD  2.20 g O substance  BOD (% of ThOD)  (20 day(s)) 0.872  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential  MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON  Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Tolume (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
ThOD 1.5 g O g /g substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 0.8 % ThOD  Acetone (67-64-1)  Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.43 g O g /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.92 g O g /g substance  ThOD 2.20 g O substance  BOD (% of ThOD) (20 day(s)) 0.872  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential  MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Tolune (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)		· ·		
BoD (% of ThOD)   0.8 % ThOD	` '			
Acetone (67-64-1)  Persistence and degradability  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)  1.43 g O	BOD (% of ThOD)			
Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  Biochemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.43 g O 2 /g substance  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 1.92 g O 2 /g substance  BOD (% of ThOD) 2.20 g O substance  BOD (% of ThOD) (20 day(s)) 0.872  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential  MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON  Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)  1.43 g O	,	Doodily his degreedable in water Diedogradable in the sail Diedogradable in the sail water		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)  1.92 g O 2 /g substance  BOD (% of ThOD)  (20 day(s)) 0.872  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential  MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)		anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.		
ThOD 2.20 g O substance BOD (% of ThOD) (20 day(s)) 0.872  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential  MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
BOD (% of ThOD)  (20 day(s)) 0.872  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential  MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1  19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2  < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1  30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow  2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential  Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1  13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2  90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1  380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2) BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss) BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus) BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight) Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1) Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3) BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica) BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus) BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)	DOD (% 01 1110D)	(20 uay(5)) 0.012		
Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)	12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Benzene (71-43-2)  BCF fish 1	MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLO	N		
BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)	Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.		
BCF fish 1 19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)  BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)	Benzene (71-43-2)			
BCF fish 2 < 10 (3 days; Leuciscus idus) BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight) Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1) Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3) BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica) BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus) BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)		19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
BCF other aquatic organisms 1 30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)  Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
Log Pow 2.13 (Experimental value) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1) Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3) BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica) BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus) BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
Bioaccumulative potential  Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1  13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2  90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1  380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
Acetone (67-64-1)  Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
Bioaccumulative potential Not established.  Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
Toluene (108-88-3)  BCF fish 1				
BCF fish 1 13.2 (Anguilla japonica) BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus) BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)	'			
BCF fish 2 90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus) BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
BCF other aquatic organisms 1 380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)				
BUF otner aquatic organisms 2 4.2 (Mytilus edulis; Fresh weight)				
	BUF other aquatic organisms 2	4.2 (IVIYTIIUS eaulis; Fresh weight)		

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 8/13

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Toluene (108-88-3)			
Log Pow	2.73 (Experimental value; Other; 20 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Heptane (142-82-5)			
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	552		
Log Pow	4.66 (Experimental value; 4.5; Literature)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Potential for bioaccumulation (4 ≥ Log Kow ≤ 5).		
Heptane, Branched Cyclic (426260-76-6)			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.		
Methanol (67-56-1)			
BCF fish 1	< 10 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)		
BCF fish 2	1 (72 h; Cyprinus carpio; Blood)		
Log Pow	-0.77 (Experimental value; Other)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
BCF fish 1	0.69 (Pisces)		
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	3		
Log Pow	-0.24 (Test data)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative. Not established.		
12.4. Mobility in soil			
Benzene (71-43-2)	0.000 N/v. (00.00)		
Surface tension	0.029 N/m (20 °C)		
Toluene (108-88-3)			
Surface tension	0.03 N/m (20 °C)		
Heptane (142-82-5)			
Surface tension	0.020 N/m (20 °C)		
Methanol (67-56-1)			
Surface tension	0.023 N/m (20 °C)		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
Surface tension	0.0237 N/m (20 °C)		
12.5. Other adverse effects			
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.		
	. Avoid release to the environment.		
SECTION 13: Disposal considera	tions		
13.1. Waste treatment methods			
Waste disposal recommendations	<ul> <li>Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.</li> </ul>		

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 9/13

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

US DOT (ground): UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methanol, Heptanes, Acetone), 3, II ICAO/IATA (air): UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methanol, Heptanes, Acetone), 3, II IMO/IMDG (water): UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methanol, Heptanes, Acetone), 3, II

Special Provisions: IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional

Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55

C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees

celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the

: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter,

where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methanol, Heptanes, Acetone)

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Packing group (DOT)

: II - Medium Danger

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the

MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

#### 14.3. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

#### **Overland transport**

No additional information available

#### Transport by sea

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** 

: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

#### Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 10/13

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday	, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
<b>SECTION 15: Regulatory informatio</b>	n
15.1. US Federal regulations	
MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALL	LON
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard
Toluene (108-88-3)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313 Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Subs	stances Control Act) inventory
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard
Heptane, Branched Cyclic (426260-76-6)	
Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic S	ubstances Control Act) inventory
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Methanol (67-56-1)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313 Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Subs	stances Control Act) inventory
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard

# Acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Fire hazard

### 15.2. International regulations

CANADA	
MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLO	N
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid
Toluene (108-88-3)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
Heptane, Branched Cyclic (426260-76-6)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Methanol (67-56-1)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Acetone (67-64-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance	es List)
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

#### **EU-Regulations**

Toluene (108-88-3)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

### Acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)- Directive 79/831/EEC, sixth Amendment of Directive 67/548/EEC (dangerous substances) Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EN (English US) 10/12/2014 11/13

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Repr.Cat.3; R63

F; R11

T; R23/24/25

T; R39/23/24/25

Xn; R48/20

Xi; R36/38

N; R51/53

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

MIGHTY NON-CHLORINATED BPC 55 GALLON	
State or local regulations	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

Acetone (67-64-1)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes				

#### Toluene (108-88-3)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

Benzene 71-43-2

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 1	Flammable liquids Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

10/12/2014 EN (English US) 12/13

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H370	Causes damage to organs
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt

medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all

ambient conditions.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.



#### **HMIS III Rating**

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 3 Serious Hazard
Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

Personal Protection : B

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - TCC

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this MSDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product

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10/12/2014 EN (English US) 13/13