



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Code: DL3102

Product Name: Mighty Wheel Acid Tire & Wheel Cleaner

Product Use: Tire & Wheel Cleaner

Not recommended for: Direct contact with glass
Generic Names/Synonyms (A.K.A.):

Date Prepared: October 4, 2015

Date Revised/Updated:

Manufacturer/Supplier:

Mighty Distributing System of America
650 Engineering Drive
Norcross, GA 30092

For More Information Call:
800-829-3900 (M- F / 8 AM - 4 PM)

Transportation Related Emergencies
Call CHEMTREC:800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HAZARD SUMMARY:

- Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.
- Specialized medical treatment is required for all exposures.
- May be fatal if inhaled, absorbed through skin, or swallowed.

GHS Ratings:

Inhalation Toxicity	Acute Tox. 3	Gases>500+<=2500ppm, Vapors>2+<=10mg/l, Dusts&mists>0.5+<=1mg/l
Skin corrosive	1A	Destruction of dermal tissue: Exposure < 3 min. Observation < 1 hour, visible necrosis in at least one animal
Eye corrosive	1	Serious eye damage: Irreversible damage 21 days after exposure, Draize score: Corneal opacity >= 3, Iritis > 1.5
Respiratory sensitizer	1	Respiratory sensitizer
Skin sensitizer	1	Skin sensitizer
Mutagen	2	Suspected/Possible: May include heritable mutations in human germ cells, Positive evidence from tests in mammals and somatic cell tests, In vivo somatic genotoxicity supported by in vitro mutagenicity
Reproductive toxin	2	Human or animal evidence possibly with other information

GHS Hazards

H314 Causes severe skin burns and

GHS Precautions

P201 Obtain special instructions before use

H317

eye damage
May cause an allergic skin
reaction

P202

Do not handle until all safety
precautions have been read and
understood

H318	Causes serious eye damage	P260	Do not breathe
H331	Toxic if inhaled		dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled	P264	Wash ... thoroughly after handling
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child	P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
		P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
		P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
		P285	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection
		P321	Specific treatment (see ... on this label)
		P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
		P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
		P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water
		P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
		P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
		P304+P341	IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
		P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing
		P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
		P342+P311	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
		P405	Store locked up
		P403+P233	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
		P501	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate disposal facility

Danger



ACCUTE TOXICITY: Signs & Symptoms of Exposure

Eyes: Burns, pain, watering eyes.

Inhalation: Burning, choking, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache or nausea.

Skin: Burning, irritation

Ingestion: Severe and rapid corrosive burns of the mouth, gullet and gastrointestinal tract, burning, choking, nausea, vomiting and severe pain.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: May cause Fluorosis or hypocalcaemia

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Hydrofluoric acid 7664-39-3 < 10%	3 ppm TWA (as F)	2 ppm Ceiling (as F) 0.5 ppm TWA (as F)	NIOSH: 3 ppm TWA; 2.5 mg/m ³ TWA 6 ppm Ceiling (15 min); 5 mg/m ³ Ceiling (15 min)
Phosphoric acid 7664-93-9 <10%	1 mg/m ³ TWA	1 mg/m ³ TWA	N/A
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 < 10 %	50 ppm TWA; 240 mg/m ³ TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 5 ppm TWA; 24 mg/m ³ TWA
*Trade Secret/Proprietary Blend < 7 %	N/A	N/A	N/A
Water 7732-18-5 Balance %	N/A	N/A	N/A

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret

TWA: Time Weighted Average over 8 hours of work.

TLV: Threshold Limit Value over 8 hours of work.

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit during x minutes. IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health CEIL: Ceiling

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

INHALATION: Move casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

EYE CONTACT: In case of eye contact, immediately rinse with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention immediately. Cold water may be used. Keep the eyelids apart and away from the eyeballs during irrigation. Do not use oily drops or ointment or HF skin burn treatments on the eyes. Get medical attention immediately, preferably an eye specialist. Place ice pack on eyes until reaching emergency room.

SKIN CONTACT: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Material is absorbed through the skin. Get medical attention immediately. While waiting for medical attention, it has been shown that flushing the affected area with water for 1-5 minute and then massaging HF Antidote Gel into the wound until there is a cessation of pain is a most effective first aid treatment. HF Antidote Gel contains Calcium Gluconate which combines with HF for insoluble Calcium Fluoride, thus preventing the extraction of calcium from the body tissue and bones. Another alternative first aid treatment, after thorough washing of the burned area, is to immerse the burned area in a solution of 0.2% iced aqueous Hyamine 1622 or 0.13% iced aqueous Zephiran Chloride. If immersion is impractical, towels could be soaked with one of the above solutions and used as compresses for the burn area. Hyamine 1622 is a trade name for Tetracaine Benzethonium Chloride. Zephiran is a trade name for Benzalkonium Chloride.

INGESTION: Do Not Induce Vomiting Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If conscious, wash out mouth with water. Get medical attention immediately.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Product is not flammable. Use appropriate media for adjacent fire. Cool containers with water, keep away from common metals.

Flash Point: N/A

LEL: N/A

UEL: N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD: Use water spray to cool unopened containers if necessary to prevent BLEVE (Boiling Liquid Expanding Vapor Explosion). Emits toxic fumes (hydrogen fluoride) under fire conditions. (See also Stability and Reactivity section).

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Under fire conditions toxic fumes should be anticipated.

FIRE FIGHTING: See also Stability and Reactivity section.

FIRE EQUIPMENT: Wear self-contained, approved breathing apparatus and full protective clothing (including eye protection and boots).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL/LEAK: Follow your companies established procedures for reporting and/or responding to Chemical incidents. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.

SMALL SPILL: Stop leak if without risk. Neutralize spill with sodium bicarbonate or lime. Absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material, then place in a suitable container for disposal. Clean surfaces thoroughly with water to remove residual contamination. Dispose of all waste and cleanup materials in accordance with regulations.

LARGE SPILL: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Stop leak if without risk. Prevent spillage from entering drains and/or waterways. Any release to the environment may be subject to federal/national or local reporting requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid formation of aerosols.

STORAGE: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in cool, dry well ventilated area. Keep away from incompatible materials (see section 10 for incompatibilities). Protect from excessive heat and/or freezing.

REGULATORY: Do not store in unlabeled containers.

See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Hydrofluoric acid 7664-39-3 ≤ 10%	3 ppm TWA (as F)	2 ppm Ceiling (as F) 0.5 ppm TWA (as F)	NIOSH: 3 ppm TWA; 2.5 mg/m ³ TWA 6 ppm Ceiling (15 min); 5 mg/m ³ Ceiling (15 min)
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*Trade Secret/Proprietary Blend < 7 %	N/A	N/A	N/A
Water 7732-18-5 Balance %	N/A	N/A	N/A

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TWA: Time Weighted Average over 8 hours of work.

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STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit during x minutes. IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health CEIL: Ceiling

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

VENTILATION: Use only with adequate ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should

be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Other Recommendations: Provide eyewash stations, quick-drench showers and washing facilities accessible to areas of use and handling. Have supplies and equipment for neutralization and running water available. HF antidote gel for skin burns or other solutions discussed in Section 4, First Aid.

PROTECTIVE GEAR:

Eye protection: Wear safety goggles if eye contact is possible (face shield recommended if splashing is possible).

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body Protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other Skin Protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory Protection: If needed, use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

CONTAMINATED GEAR: Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

NOTE: These physical data are typical values based on material tested but may vary from sample to sample. Typical values should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis of any specific lot or as specifications for the product.

Auto-ignition temperature: No Data Available

Decomposition temperature: No Data Available

Viscosity: No Data Available

Grams VOC less water: No Data Available

Vapor Pressure: No Data Available

Odor threshold: Acrid

Vapor Density: No Data Available

Specific Gravity: 1.04

Melting point: No Data Available

Freezing point: No Data Available

Solubility: Completely soluble in water

Boiling range: No Data Available

Flash point: No Data Available

Evaporation rate: No Data Available

Flammability: No Data Available

Explosive Limits: No Data Available

Partition coefficient: No Data Available
(n-octanol/water)

pH: < 1

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Under normal conditions of storage and handling, this Product is: STABLE

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Bases, organic material, metals, glass, ceramics, aluminum, stainless steel, carbonates, cyanides, sulfides. Reacts violently with acetic anhydride, ammonium hydroxide, arsenic trioxide, calcium oxide, potassium permanganate, sodium, sodium hydroxide, sulfuric acid.

Attacks glass and other silicon-containing compounds
Reacts with silica to produce silicon tetrafluoride, a hazardous, colorless gas.
On contact with metals, liberates hydrogen gas.
Violent reaction with strong bases can occur.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:

Thermal decomposition may release toxic fumes of fluorides.
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mixture Toxicity

Dermal Toxicity LD50: 3,300mg/kg
Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 6mg/L

Component Toxicity

111-76-2	Glycol Ether EB Oral LD50: 470 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 99 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 450 ppm (Rat)
664-39-3	Hydrofluoric Acid Respiratory: LC50- rat- 1 hour: 2240-2340 ppm Ingestion: LD100- guinea pig– 80 mg/kg

OSHA Hazards: Target organ effect, Toxic by inhalation, Highly toxic by ingestion, Highly toxic by skin absorption, Corrosive

Target Organs: Liver, Kidney

Blood / Eyes / Central Nervous System /Skin / Respiratory System

Effects of Overexposure: Note: Causes severe burns. Chronic Health Hazard

CARCINOGENICITY: The following chemicals comprise 0.1 % or more of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by NPT, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing), or ACGIH (optional listing): **NONE LISTED**

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials (if any).

Component Ecotoxicity

Glycol Ether EB	96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 1490 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 2950 mg/L 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >1000 mg/L
Hydrofluoric acid	48 Hr EC50 Daphnia species: 270 mg/L

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

If this product becomes a waste, it may likely meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under 40 CFR 261.

D002: Waste Corrosive material [pH <=2 or =>12.5, or corrosive to steel]

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Important Note: The data provided in this section is for information only. Please apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation. As shipping descriptions may vary based on mode of transport, quantities, package size, and/or origin / destination. Consult your company's Hazardous Materials/Dangerous Goods expert for information specific to your situation.

For small quantities packed in combination packaging, exceptions may apply.

For emergency transportation information, in the United States: call CHEMTREC at 800-424-9300

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Proper Shipping Name</u>	<u>UN Number</u>	<u>Packing Group</u>	<u>Hazard Class</u>
DOT (US)	Corrosive Liquids, Toxic, N.O.S. (Sulfuric Acid, Hydrofluoric Acid)	UN2922	II	8 (6.1)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

The following chemicals are reportable under Pennsylvania Right to Know:

7664-39-3 Hydrofluoric acid

111-76-2 Glycol Ether EB

State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): WARNING

This product contains the following chemicals which are listed by the State of California as carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin: **NONE LISTED**

United States inventory (TSCA): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302 Components : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 302: Hydrofluoric acid 7664-39-3

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard
Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 313 Components: The following listed components (if any) are subject to the Supplier Notification Requirement found in 40 CFR 372.45 (c 4); a part of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986. SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

7664-39-3 Hydrofluoric acid $\leq 10\%$
111-76-2 2-Butoxyethanol $\leq 10\%$ (N230)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating

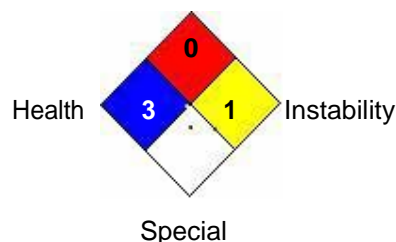
HEALTH	*	4
FLAMMABILITY		0
PHYSICAL HAZARD		1
PERSONAL PROTECTION	X	

Legend

* = Chronic Health Hazard
0 = INSIGNIFICANT
1 = SLIGHT
2 = MODERATE
3 = HIGH
4=Extreme

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)

Flammability



Disclaimer: ECP Incorporated believes that the information herein is factual but is not intended to be all inclusive.

The information relates only to the specific material designated and does not relate to its use in combination with other materials or its use as to any particular process. Because safety standards and regulations are subject to change and because Acid Products has no continuing control over the material, those handling, storing or using the material should satisfy themselves that they have current information regarding the particular way the material is handled, stored or used and that the same is done in accordance with federal, state and local law. ACID PRODUCTS MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING (WITHOUT LIMITATION) WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN OR WITH RESPECT TO FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR USE.